# YOU SHOULD NOT **NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS**

Because at all Times They Have the Most Important Work to Do.



Weak Kidneys Caused by Overwork, by Lifting or a Strain.

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy. Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of "The Republic" May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and Unhealthy kidneys are responsible for much sickness and suffering, therefore when, through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

It used to be considered that only urinary and b'adder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning

science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help alt the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Dr. Kilthe urine, headache, backache, lame back, mer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and dizziness, sleeplessness, hervousness, heart bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands

You may have a sample bettle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free his virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and urle acid diseases, poor digestion, when obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarring or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in

The mild and immediate effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

St. Leuis, Mo., Nov. 23, 1990.

"I have used Swamp-Root will constipation, or whenever I was troubled with my kidneys, with constipation, or whenever I left the resed of something to tone and brace me un. This has given me such relief that I do not find it necessary to take medicine regularly now, as an occasional dase of Swamp-Root keeps me in shape for my work—that of hend cutter in the clothing company of Roth & Jean. I am pleased to give a testimental for your pinended medicine, and I cannot say sepoush for what it has done for me. I gratefully resonmented it to awayone needing a throughly reliable remedy. Yours truly,

"HARRY GIBBARD 152 Papin street."

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and urbe and diseases, provuseness, hearted distances. Shearted all to away have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy. Swamp-Root so like from men and we men cured. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the St. Louis Sunday Republic.

### CLEVELAND ON THE PRESIDENT'S TENURE.

Favors More Direct Mode of Select ing People's Chief Executive and a Longer Term.

ONE DUTY OF NEW CENTURY.

American Citizens Should Secure for Themselves, He Says, the Advantages of These Needed Changes.

New York, Dec. 29.-Writing on "The President of the Twentieth Century" for a copyrighted special issue of the New York World to-merrow, ex-President Cleveland refers to the presidential tenure in these

"Thoughtful citizens will more and more appreciate the objections urged against the present indirect and cumbersome mode of electing their Presidents. The circumstances in which this plan originated, if

"There has been a continual increase in Federal legislation of a peremptory char-acter and related to the immediate and routine necessities of the country; and so, it has come to pass that, of the four sestions of Congress held during a presidential term, two are so brief as to scarcely

#### HAVE HAD THEIR DAY.

Local Treatments for Catarrh Rele-

gated to the Renr. The surest and safest treatment for any form of Catarrh is an internal remeay which acts specifically upon the blood a dimucous memoranes. Such a remeay is the new preparation sold everywhere by druggists as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a medicine in pleasant tablet form.

These tablets contain in highly concentrated form, well-known germ antiseptics like sanguinaria, guaiacol, ked Gum and similiar curative eteme-its, and no one who suffers from any form of catarrh, and has experienced the medicinery and inconvenience of powders, sprays and inhaters will ever go tack to such antiquated remedies after once trying so pleasant a treatment as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and one which gives so much relief in so short a time.

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at fitty cents for full-sized package and their daily use will effectually cure this troublesome and dangerous disease.

The danger from catarrh is that it is a surest and safest treatment for any

ation bills, while of the others on when the President is usually strange in his new office and burdened with importunities and labors inseparable from a change of administration and the remain-ing one encounters, during its continuance, the interruptions, timidity and demorali-zation of a presidential and congressional

canvass.
"These conditions suggest the scant opportunity allowed for the initiation and
adoption of new and important remed al
legislation during a single presidential term.
Two Duties of New Ceatury.

"Another argument of considerable weight, in favor of the change, is based upon the complaint that the business and other important interests of our people are now too frequently disturbed and disquieted by the turmoil and heat of a presidential election. ential election.
"It is not amiss to add that a substantial

at is not amiss to add that a substantial extension of the executive tenure would pave the way for establishing the ineligibility of an incumbent to succeed himself—which has long found favor with a large class of our people, as a consummation much to be desired.

much to be desired.

Thus, American citizens in the Twentieth Century will be charged with the duty of securing for themselves the actual substance of popular rule by establishing a more direct node of selecting the people's chief executive, in strict accordance with the people's will, and by so extending the tenure of his office, as to enable nim to better sorve his countrymen and more than ter serve his countrymen and more thoroughly protect and defend all their in-

#### WILLIAM WADDINGHAM'S WILL

Remembers Churches and Charities —Denies Divorced Wife's Claim.

The will of William Waddingham of Des Peres, who died in East St. Louis about ten stances in which this plan originated, if ever of controlling importance, ought no longer to excuse such a baffling confusion of ideas as grows out of the proposition that, in a popular government, the people's chief officer and their most direct representative may be made the recipient of their trust or the depositary of their power in flagrant opposition to the declared popular will.

Difficulty or Getting Laws Made.

"Strong arguments are, from time to time, urged in favor of a change in the tenure of the presidential office. These should challenge serious attention, to the end that the present constitutional limit may be removed and a more reasonable and useful one substituted.

"There has been a countinual increase in Federal legislation of a peremptory character and related to the immediate and county care in the child was known, the results necessities of the country; and as proposition of the state in the state. Count at Clayton yesterday. The testator bequeathed 33:00 to the Protestant Hospital Areociation of East St. Louis, E.-600 to his niece, Lizzie W. Robertson of Philadelphia, and S.000 to his widow; Elizable than a waddingham, as a trust fund, to be paid out as follows: Two thousand dolates to the colors of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis and \$5.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis and \$5.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis and \$5.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of East St. Louis, St.000 to the oldest Methodist Church of days ago, was filed in the St. Louis County

ARKANSAS STATE DEBT.

Report of Secretary Is Filed With the Governor.

EEPCELIC SPECIAL.
Little Rock, Ark, Dec. 23—Secretary of State Hull filed his bie usial report with the Governor to-day. He gives the State debt as follows:
Three per cent thruy-year bonds, 1898, 81,271,092.
Six per cent funding bonds, 1893-70, \$22,000.
Estimated overdue interest, 135,000.
Sinking fund notes, \$162,515.55.
Total indebtedness tincluding interest) to October I, 1999, \$1,32,31,502.

DID NOT FIND INDICTMENTS.

Jury Reports on Investigation Made in a Lynching Case.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Evansville, Ind., Dec. 23—The Warrick County Grand Jury to-day reported to Judge Spencer.

No cause for the rejection of Sheber, Lange and Rodgers was assigned, and the law does not require the Judges to make one public.

The Judges informed Mr. Dickmann that they themselves would assign the deputies to the various departments, irrespective of Mr. Dickmann's plans.

No cause for the rejection of Sheber, Lange and Rodgers was assigned, and the law does not require the Judges to make one public.

The Judges informed Mr. Dickmann that they themselves would assign the deputies to the various departments, irrespective of Mr. Dickmann's plans.

Mr. Dickmann's plans.

Mr. Dickmann's plans.

Mr. Dickmann also announced that he had they were in the mcb, and that they did not fear the Grand Jury. The action of the Grand Jury gives universal satisfaction. as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and one which gives so much relief in so short a time.

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at fitty cents for full-sized package and their daily use will effectually care this trouble-some and dangerous disease.

The danger from catarrh is that it is a short road to consumption, to chronic stomach catarrh and to catarrh of liver and kidneys.

Most cases of leafness are caused from stoppage of the Eustachian tube as a result of catarrh.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 28.—The Warrick County Grand Jury to-day reported to Judge Edwin Swan that they had fully investigated the Rolla lynching, and they were into cheers. Hundreds of witnesses were examined and many of the best people of the town have openly boasted they were in the mcb, and that they did not fear the Grand Jury. The action of the Grand Jury gives universal satisfaction.

## JEFFERSON CITY IS NOW BATTLEGROUND.

Speakership Contest Transferred to State Capital, Whither All Politicians Have Gone.

Conceded to Be in Lead-St. Louis Delegation Has Not Yet Caucused.

The execus of State politicians from St. t. Louis began yesterday, and by this ventug all will be either in or on their way to Jefferson City, where the contest for Speaker of the House, which has been the all-absorbing topic in St. Louis, will be transferred.

The general opinion yesterday was that Dickinson and Whitecotton were in the lead, with the chances in favor of Dickinson, Whitecotton, it was believed, had reached the limit of his strength, and when he counted noses there were not enough to win. Dickinson's friends were confident. and insisted that their man would grow

The other candidates were not a bit disroughly was developed, as it would be at

Talk of a Dark Horse. Talk of a dark horse was heard on all sides about the lobbles. This apparently was the hope of the candidates, other than Dickinson and Whitecatton, who are admitted at this time to be in the lead, These dickinson and Whitecatton.

Miles, before he left Washington, declared that he would reply to General Alger after he had read the North American Review article, and then only after nature consideration.

General Miles is expected to return to rumors were based upon the hypothesis

don, and disisted that the reports to had effect were only advanced to encompass their defeat.

Mr. Dickinson was supremely confident of success. "Yes, I believe I am going to win," he said, "and win or not I shall be the same kind of a Denocrat I have always been, ever rendy to put my shoulder to the wheel and do what I can for the success of the party and, through it, render the best public service I can to the people of the State. I have up to this time made a square and fair aght for the speakership and I shall continue to do so to the end. I have not the slightest personal feeling against uny man in the race and when the fight is ended I expect to feel the same, way toward every candidate for the honor. The effort to defeat me by the circulation of reports that I wear any man's collar will prove an invention which will return to plague the inventor. It is false and if I am elected Speaker, as I confidently believe I will be, I shall assume the office with but one purpose in mind, to discharge my duties as fairly, honestly and impartially as porsible."

and James T. Blair of DeKaib County. Thomas Hackney was not in the city. All of the candidates departed for Jefferson City last night or will leave early this morn-

City last night or will leave early this morning.

Considerable interest was manifested in the attitude of the St. Louis members on the speakership contest. It was reported that the Democrats of the city delegation would caucus on the matter. This report could not be confirmed. F. A. McCarthy, the Representative from the Sixteenth Ward, stated that he had not heard that the city delegation would caucus and he thought if such action had been contemplated that he would have heard of it. The St. Louis delegates will depart for Jefferson City New Year's Day.

With the departure of the members of the Levisiature went the host of candidates for the minor offices at its disposal. They will resume operations at Jefferson City at once. Of all these candidates none attracted more attention than Frank James, who wants to be doorkeeper of the House. This is the first time he has ever applied for a legislative job. Nearly every member who came to St. Louis promised him support in his fight.

#### ACCEPTED FIFTEEN DEPUTIES.

Five of Sheriff's Appointments Re-jected by Circuit Judges. The Circuit Judges met in general term yesterday afternoon in the private consulta-tion-room at the Courthouse, to pass upon the appointments of Sheriff-elect Dickmana. Judge Ferriss presided at the meeting. Mr. Dickmann and Harry Hawes, one of his

Dickmann and Harry Hawes, one of his attorneys, were present.

Mr. Dickmann presented his list of appointments, which were as follows:

M. J. E. Hariman, Chief Deputy, Courthouse, \$1,600 a year; Adolph Schenck, cashler, Courthouse, \$1,600; Joseph F. Schilling, chief service Deputy, Courthouse, \$1,200; Benjamia Heet, outside execution Deputy, Courthouse, \$1,600; Charles Horan, fee-bill collector, Courthouse, \$900.

Court-room deputies at Courthouse; S. C. Jolly, Ben F. Chark, Jr., and J. A. Callahan, \$1,000; Frederick Klasing, W. A. Brown, C.

\$1,000: Frederick Klasing, W. A. Brown, C. A. Goodwin, John H. Walsh, Stephen D. Rodgers, James Flaherty, Thomas R. Stanton and R. M. Wray, \$300.

Horse and buggy deputies: William Ellers and Bernard Thornalli, at \$1,200. Four Courts deputies: Charles Bilhartz James F. Carroll, Julius Herr, Thomas B. Dumont, John Nichols, F. J. Burnes, Thomas B. Dumont, John Nichols, F. J. Burnes, Thomas B. P. Quinn, Jr., Michael Winnen, D. A. Dwyer, James P. McEnerny and Edward Photan 3899.

chetan. \$900.

General service deputies; T. J. Burke, samuel Morrell, Charles Jerebeck, John T. Renty, George J. Sieber, William Grond, F. M. Lange, Thomas B. Kilculien, John Hardmehn and C. C. Rankin, \$50. Republicans temporarily retained: Alexander Book, \$1,30; John Pohiman, \$1,20; Oscar H. Zachritz, \$500; John D. Becker,

## MILES WILL REPLY OSAGE CLAIMS W.LL TO ALGER'S ARTICLE.

Another Court of Inquiry May Result From Reopening the Army Beef Controversy.

TALK OF DARK HORSE HEARD. CANNED ARTICLE STILL USED.

Dickinson and Whitecotton Are It Is Supplied to Troops in China and the Philippines and Was Given to Starving Porto

> Washington, Dec. 29-General Miles has announced his purpose to answer the article written by former Secretary of War Russell A. Aiger on the Miles-Engan beef con-

This determination is contrary to the advice of his immediate personal and official friends and of members of the Cabinet. They fear that it may lead to the reoper ing of the entire beef controversy and result in the organization of another court of inquiry, the findings of which may be adverse to the Commanding General. Relieving that further discussion at this time, in favor every day until the caucus setmay be advantageous to his record as Secretary of War, General Alger, there is sources. They insisted that the fight had reason to believe would like nothing better madly developed to that stage where a than that General Miles should make for mal answer to the statements he has ad-

fact, he is said to have been very much or pointed to the fact that only the castern, southenseen and a part of the central sections of the State had been represented in the list of representatives who had been in St. Louis, and from such a small percentage of the eather State representation no correct conclusion could be drawn.

Talk of Bark Have. the face of this nevies, however, General Miles, before he left Washington, declared that he would reply to General Alger after

> Washington from his North Carolina hunt-ing trip to-morrow. In his absence he does not lack defenders at army headquarters, though the officers stationed there will no

General Breckinridge's Statement. Brigadier General Breckinridge, Inspecto General, whose report praising the conducof the Commissary Department during th

war is quoted by General Alger, made this statement: "There were two lines of canned goods served to the soldiers during the war with Spain—one the shopworn goods and the otn-er hastily prepared goods. There may have been others inferior, but they were of the smaller quantity. There was, of course, a

nishing the character of beef it did, and the position it assumed was not understood. If a company of troops should hap-pen, from the use of the kind of meat fur-nished them, to be affected by ptomaine poisoning, and one-half of them should happen to be sent to a hospital for treatment it would be natural for the men to form prejudice against the meat, which might well be unwarranted. The difference be-tween fresh strawberries and preserved strawberries is recognized, and the differ-ence between fresh meat and that which is preserved by any other means, whether cold or canned, is a matter which people not knowing of any special interest on the part of the country in them, would be prone to watch. My own individual opinion is that the trouble about the beef was not in the kind, but in the quality."

Canned Beef Sent to Far East. Brigadier General Weston, Commissary General, who recommended that canned fresh beef be supplied to the Santiago army, humorously stated that he entered the army after the beef incident had en-tered, and that he could not discuss it. That General Weston is entirely satisfied, however, with the canned beef is shown by the fact that it is being supplied to our troops in China and the Philippines. During the Spanish War a total of 7,000,000 cans of fresh beef was purchased, 2000,000 cans of which were supplied to Shafter's army. The remainder, after the war, was distributed to troops in the Philippines and Porto Rico and to the indigent poor of Cuba and Porto Rico. An official of the War Department said

An official of the War Department said to-day that no complaint whatever had been received regarding the quality of canned beef being furnished to troops in the Philippines, and the only difference between this meat and that furnished the troops during the war with Spain is stated to lie in the fact that the latter was hastily prepared in time of war, while the former was put up in time of peace, when there was more time to look after it.

In defense of General Weston's recommendation it is pointed out that the topography of the country about Santiago did not permit the furnishing of Shafter's army with beef on the hoof, and it is admitted that the method of transporting refrigerated beef in the Philippines is much frigerated beef in the Philippines is much better than that observed in Cuba, with the result that the troops have no crouble about getting fresh meats. Where, in Lazon, it is impossible to get refrigerated beef or beef on the hoof, then canned beef

Lieutenant General Miles will naturally

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Newbern, N. C., Dec. 29.—Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, who has been here on a nunting trip, was asset by your corre-spondent this afternoon if he had read the charges against him contained in General

Alger's book, and if he cared to reply to

the former Secretary of War. General Miles said: "I have been down here on a hunting trip and have had delightful sport, enjoying my-self very much. I have not read the paself very much. I have not read the papers, and your request is the first intimation. I have had of General Alger's new charges. I cannot answer them now, as I have not seen them, but upon my return to Washington and on the assumption of my official duties, I will give them some consideration."

General Mies did not appear at all disturbed by the charges, but wore rather the serete countenance of the successful sportsman. He left for Washington shortly before 5 o'clock this evening and will arrive there to-morrow morning.

MR. SPRAGUE SAYS Start the New Year right. Lunch at the Delicatessen. You will save money.

# BE SCALED DOWN.

Indian Traders Have Bills for \$500,000, but Half the Amount Will Be Disallowed.

M'COMAS WORKING ON REPORT.

Interesting Disclosures Are Prom ised and It Is Probable That Several Licenses Will Be Revoked.

The Republic Bureau. Washinston, Dec. 29. Special Agent Eagene McComas of the Indian Office, who has just completed an investigation of the iklahoma, has arrived here. He was at the Indian Office to-day and had a talk preparing his report, which he will submit to the Indian Commissioner next week.

scher and Special Agent McComas. In the

report of the latter it is expected that some

cerning the methods utilized by the traders

n dealing with the Indians. While the officials decline to discuss the matter until all the facts have been sub-matted to them, enough is known to justify the assertion that the debts of the traders will be shaved down considerably by the officials. It has been demonstrated that all of the traders violated the regulations gov-erning their business, and the debts of those who adhered closest to the rules of the lepartment will undoubtedly be reduced about 25 per cent. Those of others will be out down about 40, and probably 59, per

The traders claim that \$50,000 is due them. It is expected that the amount which the officials will approve will probably not ex-

officials will approve will probably not ex-ceed half that sum.

The statement is made that in a number of instances it has been found that the charges made for goods were about 150 per cent higher than they should have been.

It is not improbable that the licenses of some of the agents may be revoked, as a result of the investigation made by Special Agent McComas.

MUNICIPAL CLAIMS BILL. Wide Interest Shown in the Hearing to Be Given annary 11.

to Be Given anuary 11.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Considerable interest has been awakened in the hearings to be held before the House Judiciary Committee on January II on the bill introduced by Congressman Pearce of St. Louis, extending the Federal power to enforce the collection of judgments by the Federal courts against municipalities that refuse to pay bonds or other obligations owing by them.

collection of judgments by the Federal beautiful for the speakership and in partially and in the race and when the fight is ended I expect to feel the same vary toward every candidate for the honor. The effort to defeat me by the creutation of reports that I wear any man's collar will prove an invention which will can for the company to the surface I am collection as sainly, honestly and impartially as possible."

St. Louis Delegation's Position. The candidates for Speaker who were in the city yeaterday were: C. C. Dickinson of Monroe County, Charles D. S. Stewart of Knox County, E. B. Woolfik of Lincoln County, W. D. Hamilton of Daviess County and James T. Blair of DeRail County, Tange H. Whitecotton of Monroe County, Charles D. S. Stewart of Knox County, E. B. Woolfik of Lincoln County, W. D. Hamilton of Daviess County and James T. Blair of DeRail County, The candidates departed for Jefferson for the speakers in the power of the controversy. We want of the substance of the substance of the controversy to the substance of the controversy that the controversy the controversy that I wear any man's collar will prove an invention which will return to plazue the five the controversy that the city yeaterday were: C. C. Dickinson of Forty County, James H. Whitecotton of Knox County, E. B. Woolfik of Lincoln County, W. D. Hamilton of Daviess County and James T. Blair of DeRail County, The candidates departed for Jefferson "There is widespread interest in the ques-tion and the arguments pro and con will no doubt be valuable. It is certain that some action will be taken, as the matter is strongly urged."

PRESSURE FOR ARMY PLACES. Sany Applications in Anticipation of Reorganization.

Refusile Special.

Washington, Dec. 29.—In anticipation of the early passage of an army reorganization measure, bundreds of volunteer officers are filing applications with the War Department for transfer to the permanent branch.

Practically every volunteer officer holding a staff commission is anxious for appointment in the regular arm and has begun to lay plans and exercise political and other influences to further his interests. The patronage from this source will exceed that at the President's disposal during the carly months of the Spanish War. With an increase in the standing army from 25,00 to 160,000 it would seem that the President would have it in his power to make hundreds of appointments, especially to the lower grades, from civil life; but the bill is so drawn that volunteers are to be given preference. From the Philippines, where the intgest number is in service, applications come every day. Especially is this true of the staff departments, where the prospects for the volunteers are particularity bright and where, under the terms of the bill, volunteers transferred to the regular establishment will receive the same rank they now hold. In the line there is small prospect of any men being appointed who hold a rank under that of Captain.

Attorney General E. C. Crow of Missouri is in the city on business connected with the suit in the Supreme Court over the boundary between Nebraska and Missouri.

#### SUBSIDY BILL MAY BE DROPPED. It May Be Necessary in Order to Save Army Measure.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Dec., 29.—There was an important conference to-day at the White House between General Hawley, chairman of the f mite Military Committee, and the President. Afterwards General Hawley visited the War Department and consulted with Secretary of War Root. The subject ander discussion was the army bill, which is causing much anxiety to the President, who realizes that if he does not get the bill passed at this session he will have a mere handful of soldiers with which to subdue the Filipinos when the volunteers are

Licurenant General Miles will naturally object to General Alger's indorsement of General Eagan, and it is known that he was opposed to that officer's restoration to duty and his retirement with full rank and pay.

Members of the Cabinet, who consent to privately discuss General Alger's statement, approved it as a straightforward presentation of the facts, but they believe that in the interest of the administration it is desirting the interest of the administration it is desirting to test the Senate on the question of throwing Senator Hanna's ship subsidy bill overbard in order to save the army bill. All of the time that the Senate has been in session in December the shipping bill has been before the Senate as unfinished business.

Senator Hanna has announced his intention of keeping it before the Senate until a vote is taken. A combination consisting approved it as a straightforward presentation of the facts, but they betieve that in
the interest of the administration it is desirable that General Miles should not talk, and
that the matter should be closed.

THE TAKE TIME TO REPLY.

Senator Hanna has a senator the Senate unture
to of keeping it before the Senate unture
a vote is taken. A combination consisting
of Senators Pettigrew Harris, Butler Wellington and a few others has been formed
for the purpose of preventing any vote on
the subsidy bill.

Senators Hanna has a senator the Senate unture
a vote is taken. A combination consisting
of Senators Pettigrew Harris, Butler Wellington and a few others has been formed.

the subsidy bill. Senators Hanna and Frye cannot yet be made to see that these Senators under the tules of the Senate, can prevent a vote being reached on the subsidy bill and thus prevent the consideration of all legislation except the appropriation bills, so long as the subsidy bill is forced by the steering committee. Apparently the administration is now placed in the position where it must choose between the subsidy bill and the army reorganization bill.

The last information that came from Senators Hanna and Frye was that they were still determined to force the subsidy bill to a vote.

#### SUICIDE OF A TENNESSEEAN. W. M. Chearr Tires of Life and

Takes a Dose of Morphine.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. El Paso, Tex., Dec. 29.—W. M. Chearr, a wealthy young Tennessean, took a dose of morphine, with suicidal intent, last night and died at 12 o'clock. Chearr was the son of a wealthy planter at Spring Hill, Tenn., and had come bere for his health.

# DR. LLEWELLYN JORDAN

Medical Examiner United States Treasury Department,

CURED BY PERUNA AFTER FIFTEEN MONTHS' SUFFERING.



DR. LLEWELLYN JORDAN IS THE MEDICAL EXAMINER OF THE U.
S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C. DR. JORDAN IS A
GRADUATE OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE AND SERVED THREE YEARS AT
WEST POINT.

D R. LLEWELLYN JORDAN, Medical Examiner of the U. S. Treasury De-purtment, Washington, D. C., grad-unte of Columbia College, and who served three years at West Point, has the fol-lowing to say of Peruna: The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen-Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after fifteen months of suffering. Fellow sufferers, Peruna will cure

Lieweilyn Jordan. Chas. D. Smyth, Angel's Camp, Cal., says: "Chronic catarrh in the head, nose and throat has been a source of trouble and great annoyance to me for more than ten years.

"I have used all such medicines as came under my notice as a catarrh cure without any help to me, except at times by some, only a temporary relief, but no cure. My physician, to whom I applied, did not do any better.

"My troubles became worse, and my sufferings increased instead of improving. Loss of appetite, sleep and flesh, besides continual coughing and pain, showed too plainly that my case was a desperate one.

Peruna a Catarrh Cure That Restet the Unsolicited Testimony of Thousands.

A HOST OF WITNESSES.

This is an age when theories have little busy people of to-day have neither time nor inclination to speculate, and turn with distrust from everything that does not plainly bear the stamp of fact.

The reason Peruna has gained such uni-versal hold of the confidence of the people as a catarrh cure is because all statements

as a catarrh cure is because all statements concerning it are accompanied by facts.

A book containing specimens selected at random from a cloud of witnesses who have been cured of chronic catarrh by Peruna sent free by The Peruna Medicina Co., Columbus, O.

## LEO GIVES WARNING TO FRENCH PREMIER.

Protests Against the Proposed Bill for the Taxation of the Religious Orders.

GIVES IMPORTANT INTERVIEW.

Says He Has Stood Between France and Her Enemies, but Threatens to Change the Vatican's Policy.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Dec. 29 .- (Copyright, 1900, by the New York Herald Company)-In private audience on December 3 with M. Henri des Houx, a correspondent of Le Matin, the Pope made a highly important statement of the Vatican's policy toward the French Republic, apropos of the intention of the Waldeck-Rousseau Ministry to introduce a bill against the religious orders, subjecting them to unprecedented taxation and limiting their influence in various directions.

The Pope is, of course, deeply grieved over the proposed bill. He describes it as violation of the Concordat, a violation of the law, which was unexampled even in countries like England and the United States that are not Catholic, and he asks: "What will become of France's influence abroad if she turns against the faith that has contributed above all else to her greatness?"

Here are some extracts from the Pope's

"I cannot think without bitterness of the action now being undertaken by the anti-Christian organizations against your coun Christian organizations against your country, without any opposition from the Government. Quite the contrary. The personal respect evinced for me by the Prime Minister on his assuming office had given hope of something quite different, but after M. Waldeck-Rousseau's speech at Toulouse and in the face of the bill against the religious orders, I can no longer hold my

"My apostolic duty compels me to speak. French Catholics will know that their father is not forsaking them; that he suf-fers with them and encourages their generous efforts in behalf of right and libe erous efforts in behalf of right and liberty.

"No Pope can consent to the French Government defeating the purpose of the Concordat and transforming an instrument of peace and justice into an instrument of war and oppression. The Concordat established and regulated the exercise of the Catholic religion in France, and defined the neutral rights and obligations between course and state. church and state.

"Now, the religious orders form an in-tegral part of the apostone church, in the same way as do the secular clergy. To strike at them is to strike at the caurch. The G-vernment bill may be further strengthened, for it is reported that M. Troublet will effect a combination of measures with no other object than the dissolution and spollation of the orders,

"Even is countries with which the Holy See has no Concordat, and in Protestant countries like England and the United States, religious orders are not excluded from liberties enjoyed by other citizens." The Pope draws a picture of French influence abroad, in the Levant and in China. He asserts that she derives that influence from the fact that she is recognized as the protector of Catholic missions and es-tablishments. He goes further and says that the expansion of French influence has

been due solely to these missions. Then he significantly remarks:

"On several occasions, and quite recently, I was asked by the chief of a powerful State to allow French rights in the East and the Far East to be disregarded. Although compensations were offered the church and the Holy See, I desired that the rights of France should remain intact, because they are indisputable rights, which France has not allowed to lapse.
"But if religious orders, without which no Catholic expansion is possible, are suppressed and ruined in your country, what reply am I to make on that day when the overtures addressed to me are repeated?"

RICHARD DANOTTA FOUND DEAD Well-Known Farmer of Fosterburg.

Madison County, Ill. Richard Danotta, a well-known farmer, who lived two miles from Fosterburg, was found dead in his bed yesterday morning. He was one of the wealthiest and best-known farmers in Madison County.

Miss Mary Danotta went to her father's room early Saturday morning to arouse him. She knocked on the door several times and there was no response. She entered the room and found the old man cold in death, in bed. There was no sign of violence, and the members of the Danotta family think Mr. Danotta died of heart disease. Two of Danotta's brothers committed suicide, and many think the eld man took poison and purposely ended his life. He was subject to spells of melancholia.

MRS. FAIRBANKS SELECTED.

Indiana Senator's Wife Is Candidate for President D. A. R.

Washington, Dec. 2h.—At a meeting in this city of the Daughters of the American Revolution, representing different sections of the country, resolutions were adopted declaring it "wise to adhere to the established procedent of selecting what has been termed a 'national woman' for president of the National Society of the D. A. R."

In accordance with that idea, Mrs. Cornelia Fairbanks wife of Sanator Fairbanks of Indiana, was suggested. A committee of seven waited upon Mrs. Fairbanks, and at their solicitation, she consented to perfect the use of her name as a candidate.

# Cures Night Colds

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably.

You can stop it any time. Then stop it tonight. You will cough less and sleep better, and by tomorrow at this time you will be greatly improved.

# Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

cures night coughs, day coughs, all kinds of coughs. Help Nature a little and see what she will do for you.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us \$1.00 and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. Aven Co., Lowell, Mass.